Drought Tools and Monitoring for the Intermountain West

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The tools we use...

includes a vigorous weekly assessment and monthly webinar series

coordination with local, state, and federal partners throughout the region is key to success

NIDIS Intermountain West **Drought Early Warning System** September 17, 2019 NIDIS Weekly Summary Precipitation Snow Streamflow Surface Water **Evaporative Demand** Impacts Reports Outlook Interactive SPI Maps Monthly Precip Contribution Current U.S. Drought Monitor Depiction ① Recommended Changes ① Composite Drought Evaluator eXperiment Summary: September 17, 2019 (CoDEX) The last week in the Intermountain West region saw some precipitation in Wyoming and northern Utah and southern New Mexico and dry through the rest of the region. Northern and southwestern Wyoming saw between 0.50 and 2.00" last week, with the higher amounts to the north. North-central Utah also saw precipitation amounts up to 2.00", and drier through the rest of the state seeing less than 0.25". Colorado was mostly shut out of precipitation seeing less than 0.10" over much of the state. Far northeastern and northwestern Colorado did see some precipitation amounts between Despite the dryness in the region, temperatures in Utah, western Colorado and Wyoming were slightly cooler than average for this time of year. Eastern Colorado and New Mexico continued to see much warmer than normal temperatures for this time of year, while Arizona was near average for The lower temperatures helped the evaporative demand in the western portion of the region. Helping to slightly ease the dry impacts. Areas in Wyoming and Utah that saw precipitation are still seeing high evaporative demand over the last month, keeping the improvements from the recent

https://climate.colostate.edu/~drought/





Snow

Streamflow

Surface Water

Evaporative Demand

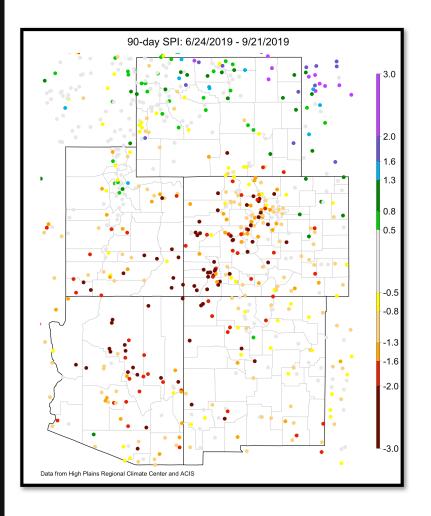
Impacts Reports

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short and long term SPIs show us areas with strong precipitation anomalies

these help guide our decisions for deterioration or improvement





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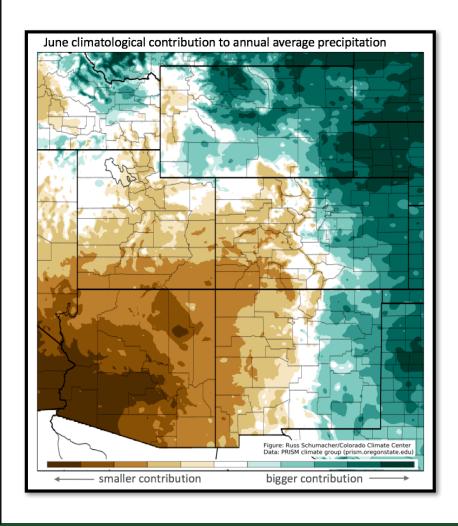
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monthly contributions remind us where the current month's precipitation really matters

generally, it's the wet periods that make or break droughts



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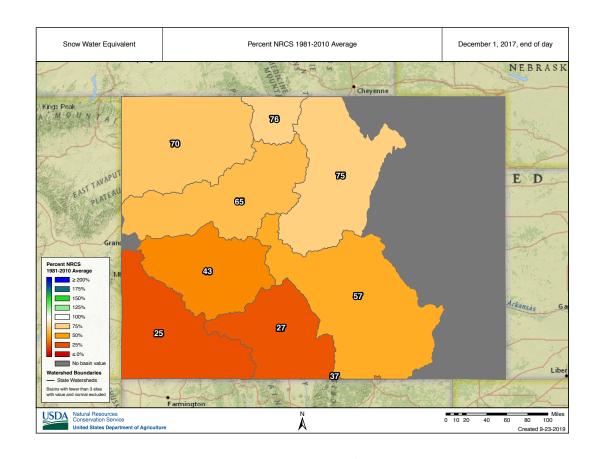
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mountain snowpack can be our first indicator that we're going into drought...





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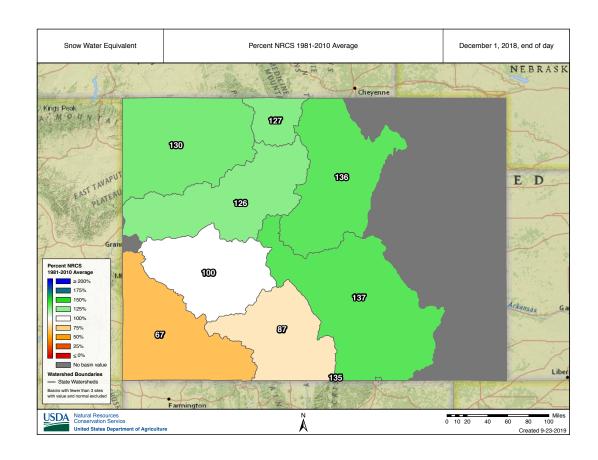
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... and our first indicator that we will recover from drought



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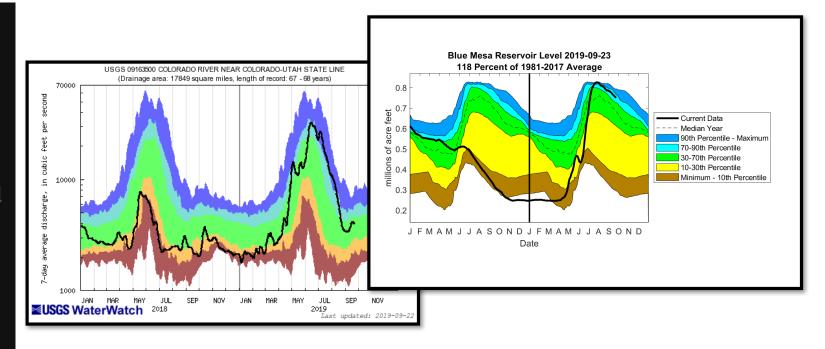
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streams are the delivery system from the snowpack "bank account" into the water use "wallets"

when the water's not there, we've got to dip into our reservoir "savings account"





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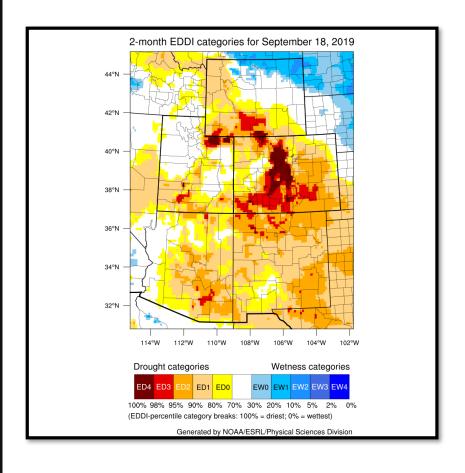
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temperatures play a critical role in drought

in the summer, we watch evaporative demand for signs of increase or decreased water demand and consumptive use





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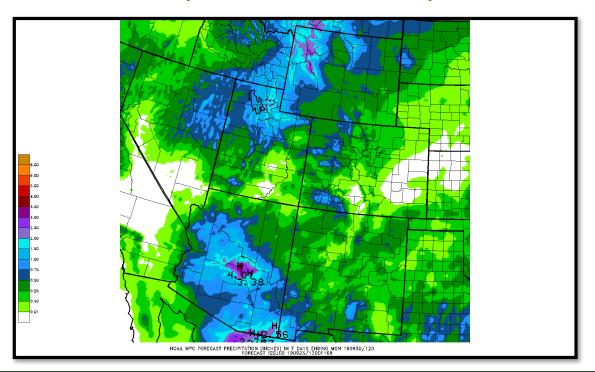
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Composite Drought Evaluator eXperiment (CoDEX) outlooks can indicate areas that may see relief or recovery in the short-term

we're working on seasonal/projection products to better depict what is needed (or possible) for recovery





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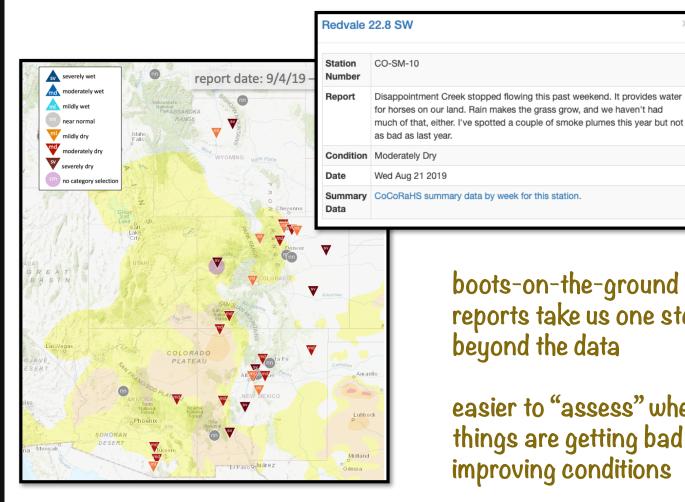
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https://cocorahs.org/Maps/conditionmonitoring/

boots-on-the-ground reports take us one step beyond the data

easier to "assess" when things are getting bad vs. improving conditions





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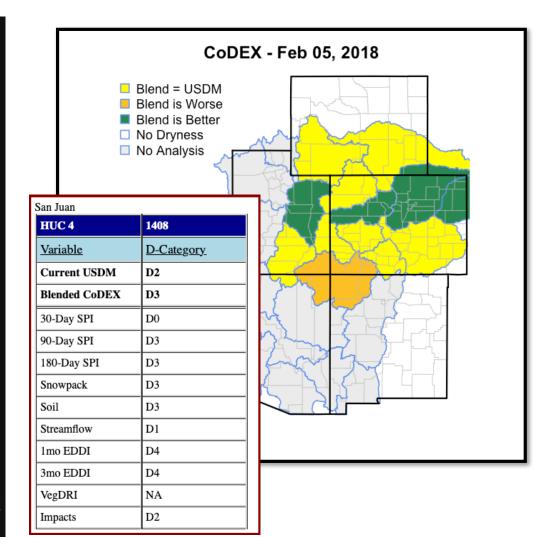
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a blended index can put all the indicators into one place

it can help with identification of areas needing deterioration or improvements

many other possible applications





Gaps in IMW Drought Monitoring...

- ✓ Same USDM categories, regardless of onset or amelioration of drought
- ✓ Data/impacts/recovery largely geared toward agricultural sector
- ✓ Everyone has a different idea of what recovery means



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Thank you



