# **Colorado Climate Update for WATF**

### Russ S. Schumacher

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Along with: Zach Schwalbe, Becky Bolinger, Peter Goble, Dani Talmadge, Nolan Doesken

Water Availability Task Force meeting

February 2019





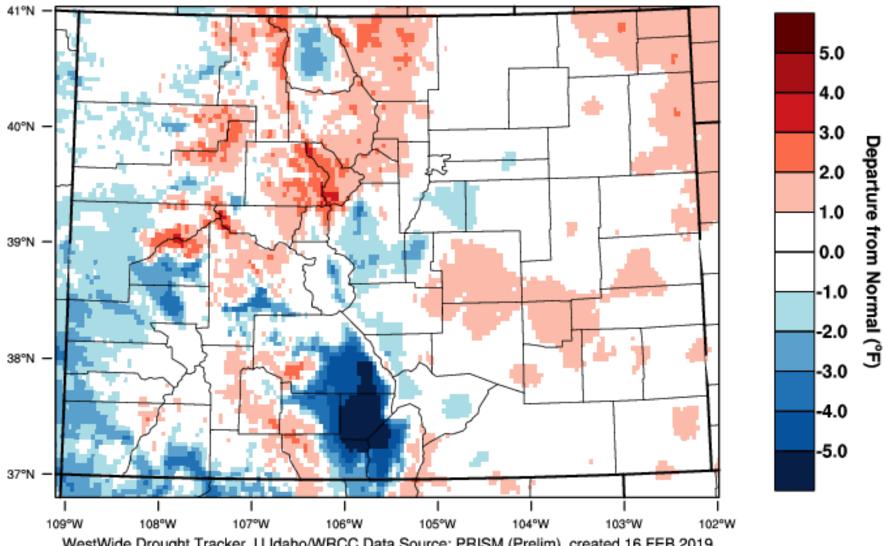


Water Year 2019 – Temperature



#### Colorado - Mean Temperature

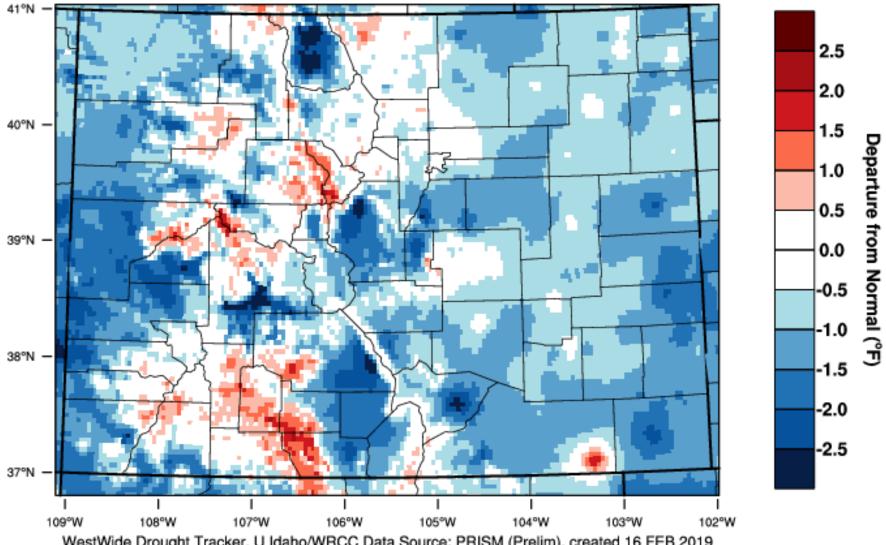
#### January 2019 Departure from 1981-2010 Normal



WestWide Drought Tracker, U Idaho/WRCC Data Source: PRISM (Prelim), created 16 FEB 2019

#### Colorado - Mean Temperature

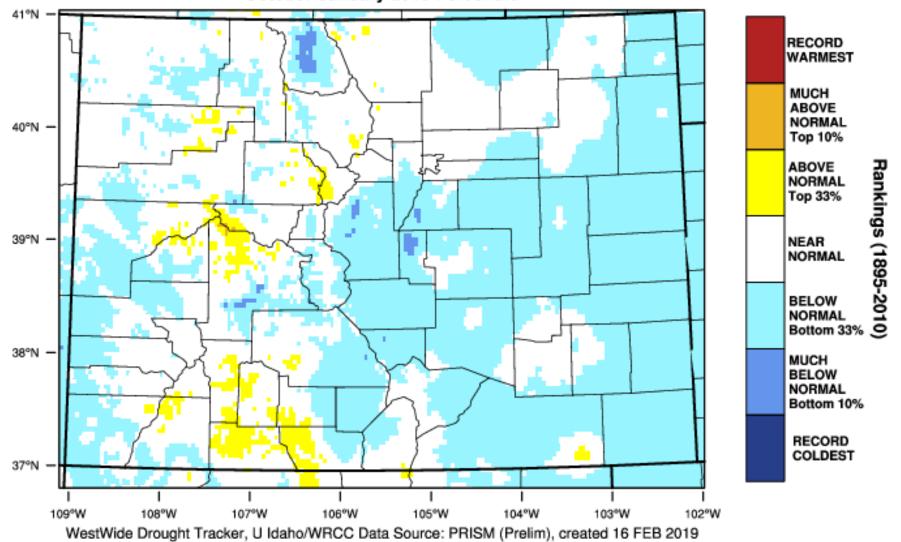
#### October-January 2019 Departure from 1981-2010 Normal



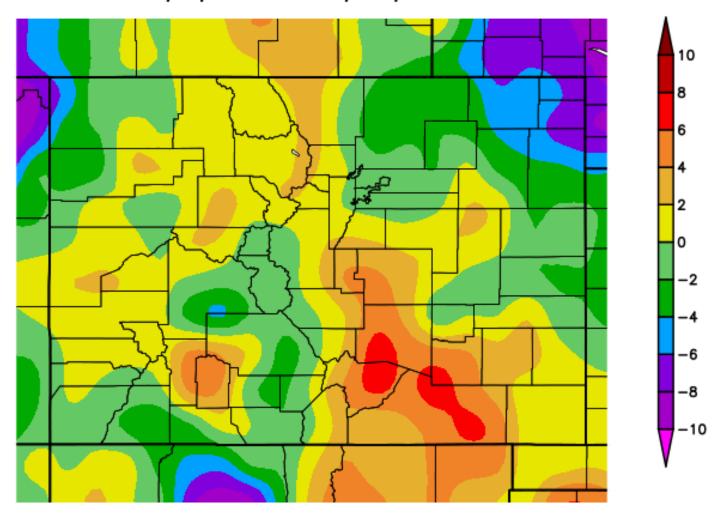
WestWide Drought Tracker, U Idaho/WRCC Data Source: PRISM (Prelim), created 16 FEB 2019

#### Colorado - Mean Temperature

#### October-January 2019 Percentile



## Departure from Normal Temperature (F) 2/1/2019 - 2/17/2019



Generated 2/18/2019 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers



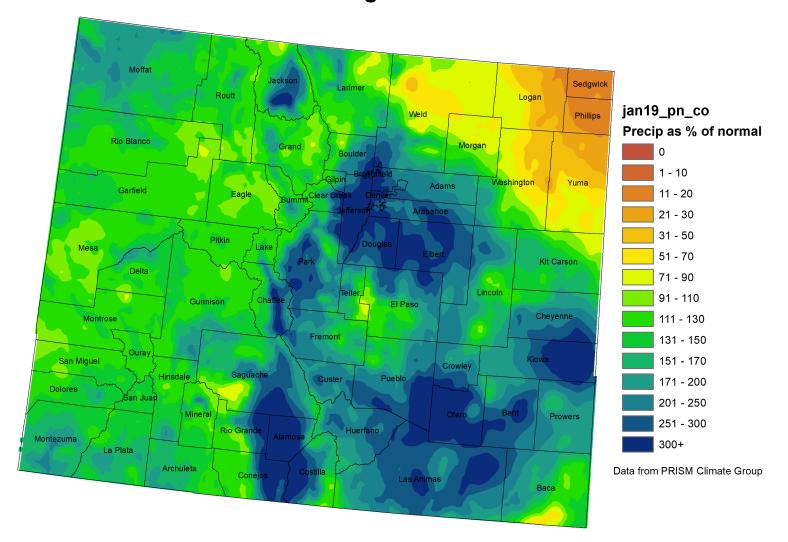


Water Year 2019 – Precipitation

(credit: Durango Herald)



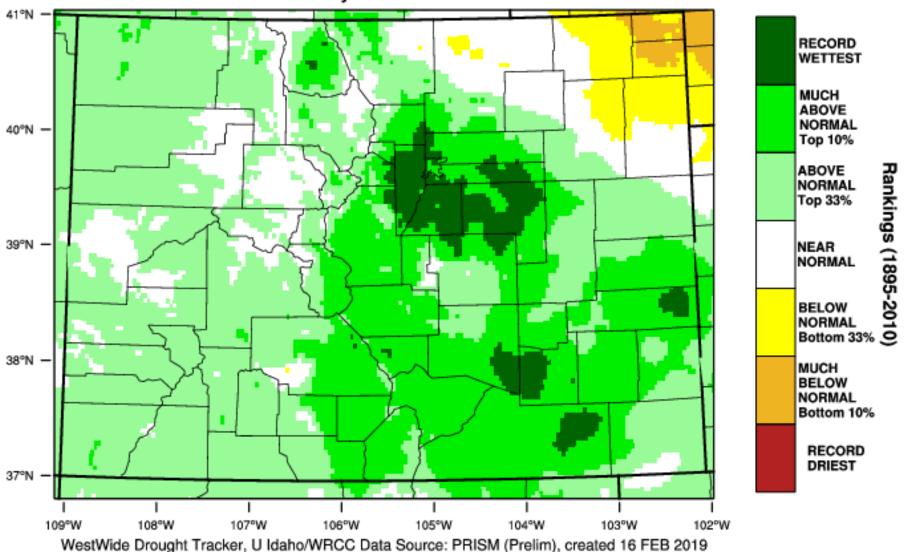
# Colorado January 2019 Precipitation as a Percentage of Normal



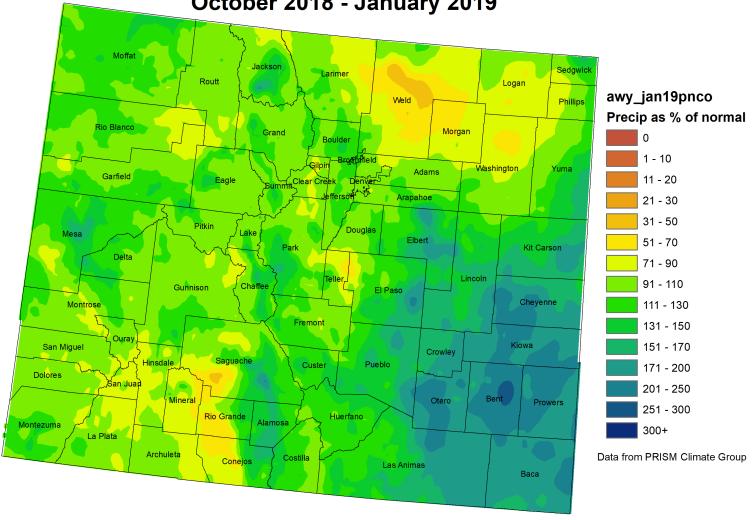


#### Colorado - Precipitation

#### January 2019 Percentile

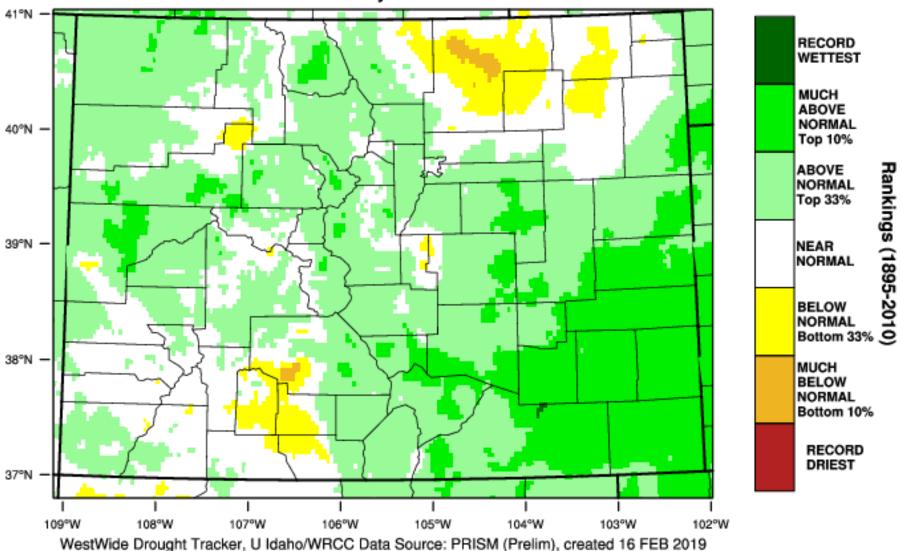


# Colorado Water Year 2019 Precipitation as a Percentage of Normal October 2018 - January 2019

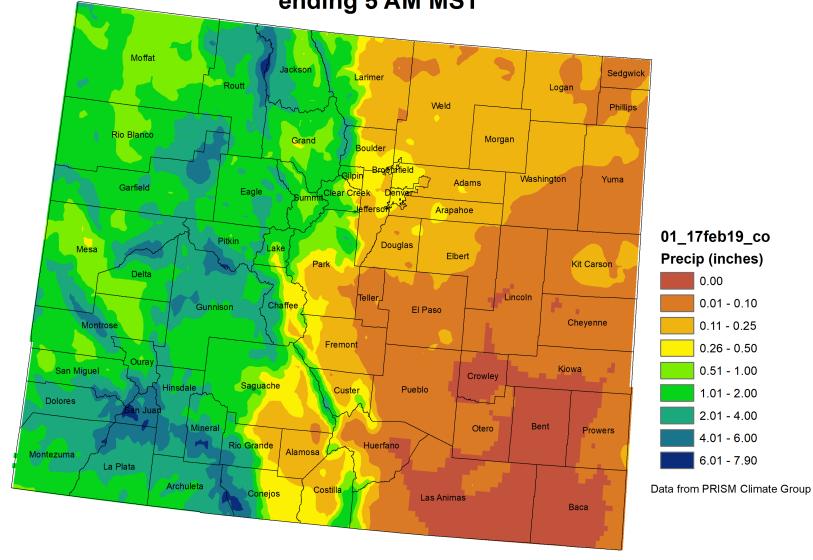


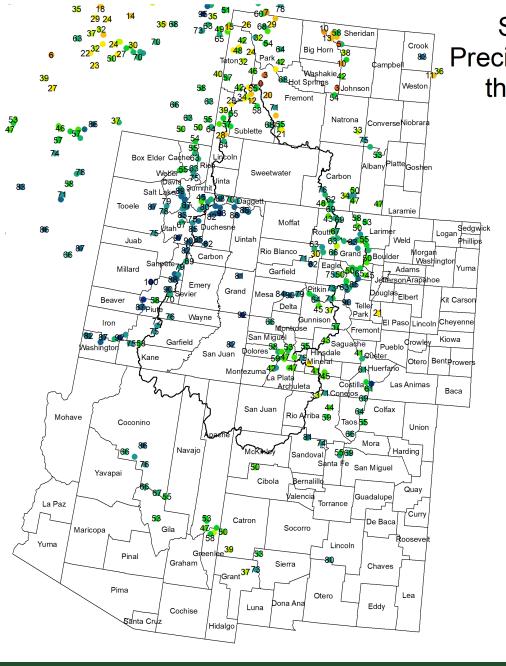
#### Colorado - Precipitation

#### October-January 2019 Percentile



### Colorado Month to Date Precipitation 1 - 17 February 2019 ending 5 AM MST





# Snotel Water Year 2019 Precipitation Percentile Ranking through 11 February 2019

#### Percentile\_POR

- D4: 0 2
- D3: 3 5
- D2: 6 10
- D1: 11 20
- D0: 21 30
- 31 40
- 41 50
- 51 60
- 61 70
- 71 80
- 81 90
- 91 100
- Upper Colorado River Basin

Station with 15+ year of data

#### Precipitation in SAN MIGUEL-DOLORES-ANIMAS-SAN JUAN RIVER BASINS Jan Apr July WY Station List Max Average (POR) Current as of 02/18/2019: Average ('81-'10) % of Average - 109% Min % of WY Average - 47% Days Until End of WY - 225 Stats. Shading Percentile - 72 2019 (18 sites 2018 (18 sites 2017 (18 sites 30 2016 (18 sites 2015 (18 sites 2014 (18 sites 20 2013 (18 sites 2012 (18 sites 2011 (18 sites 10 2010 (17 sites 2009 (17 sites 2008 (17 sites 2007 (17 sites 2006 (17 sites

Basin average of 4.8" in February thus far

17.9" since October 1

Last year: 17.6" for the entire water year

May 1

Jul 1

Sep 1

Statistical shading breaks at 10th, 30th, 50th, 70th, and 90th Percentiles.

Mar 1

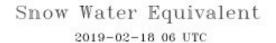
For more information visit: 30 year normals calculation description.



Nov 1

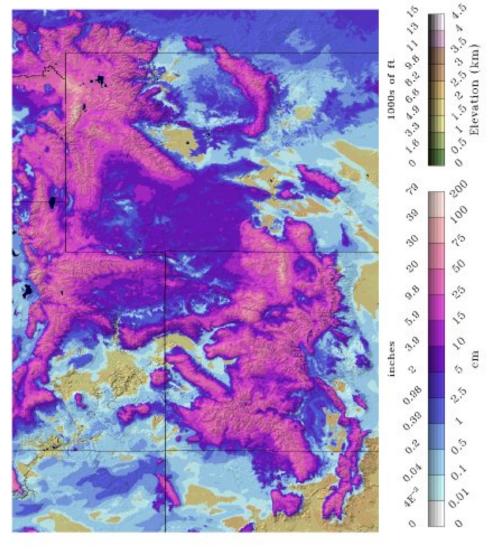
Jan 1

WY Accumulated Precip. (in.)



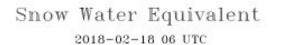




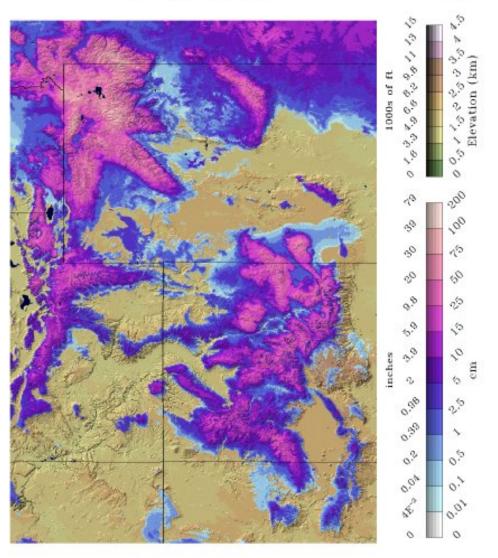




National Snow 2018-Analysis 2019







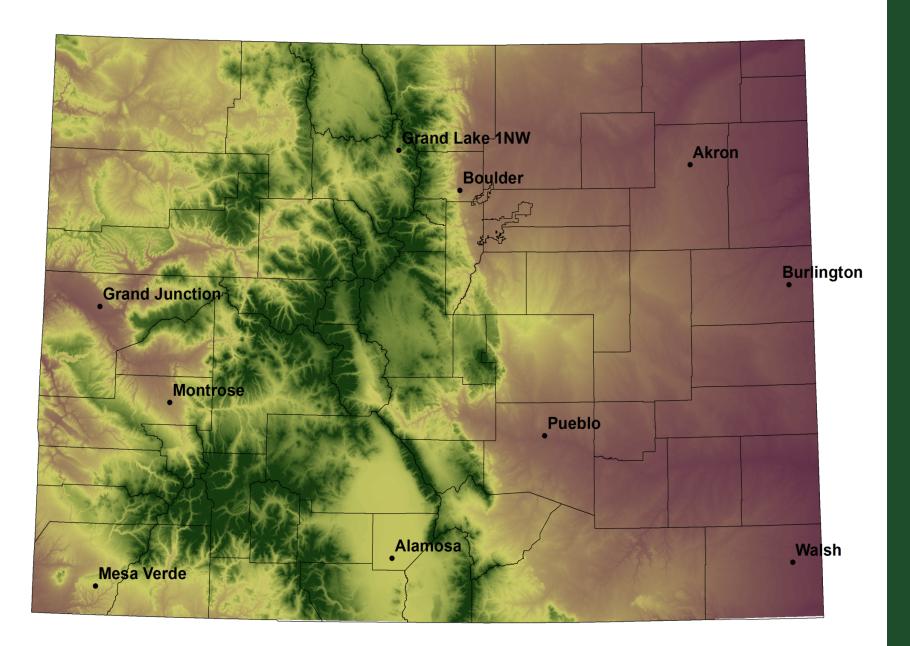
NOHRSC snow analysis: Feb 2018 (last year)



National Snow 2017-Analysis 2018

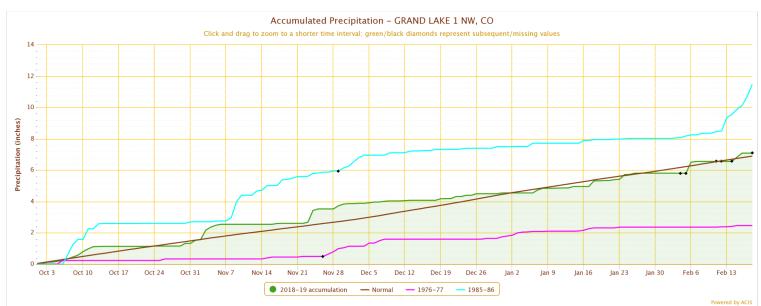
### NWS Cooperative Stations for WATF

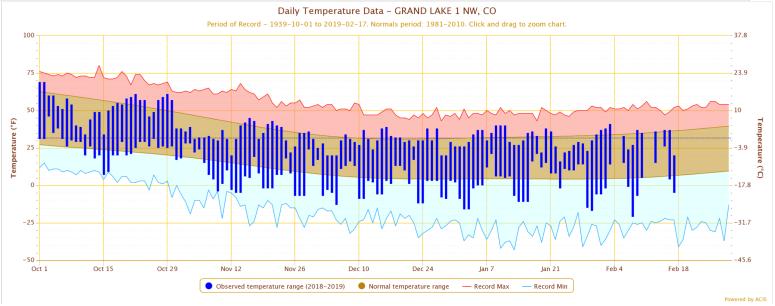


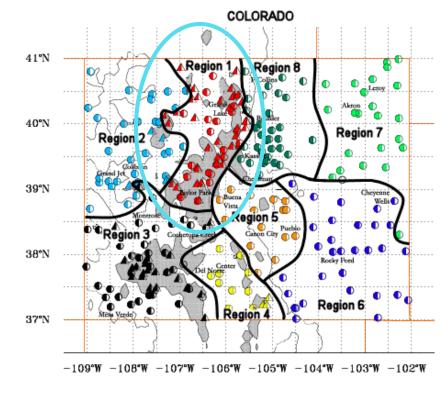


# Water Year 2019 – Station Updates

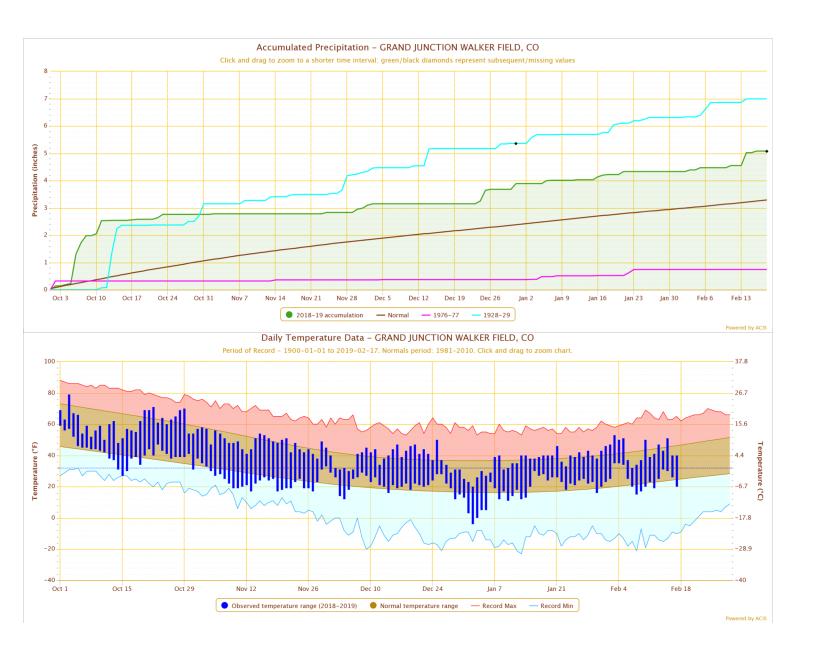


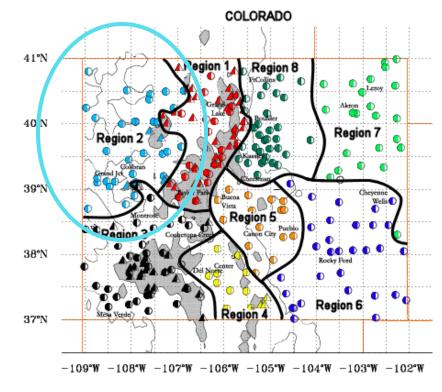














In addition to the daily record, there was another precipitation milestone at Grand Junction yesterday: they now have more precipitation through 4.5 months of this water year than in the \*entire\* 2018 water year. 5.02" since October 1; only 4.65" from Oct 2017-Sep 2018. #cowx



#### NWS Grand Junction @ @NWSGJT

Grand Junction broke the daily record rainfall amount yesterday with 0.47 inches of #rain. This breaks the old #record of 0.43 inches of rain set back in 1942 (Records go back to 1893)! #COwx

11:27 AM - 15 Feb 2019

4 Retweets 14 Likes















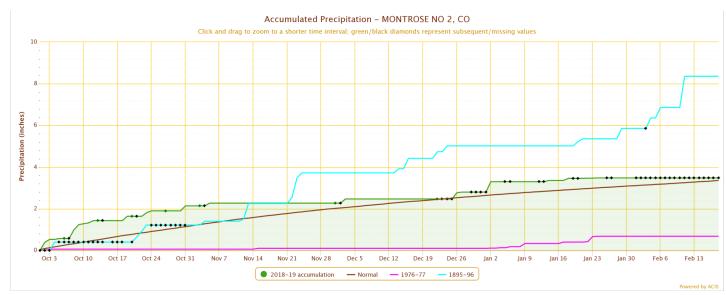


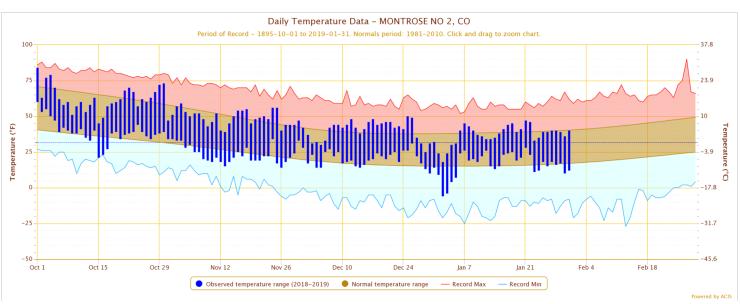


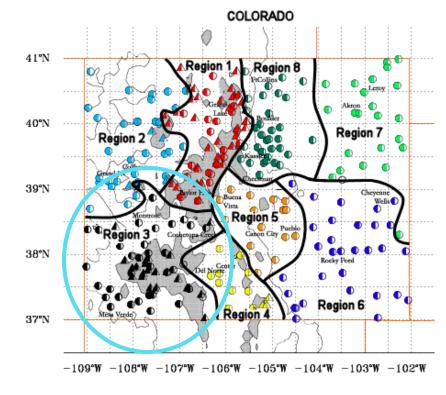




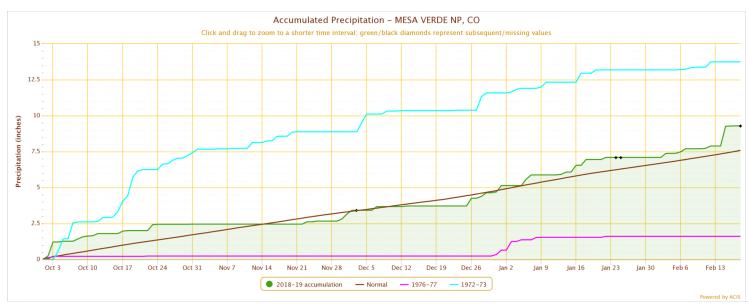


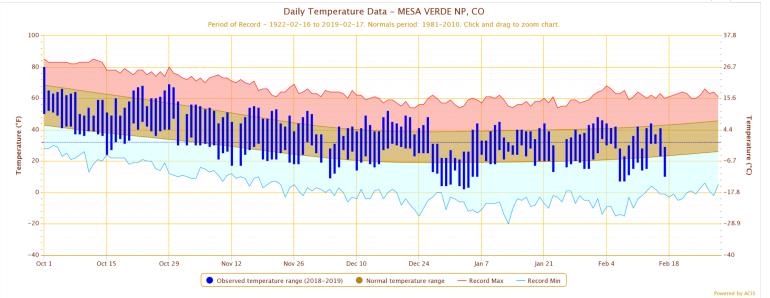


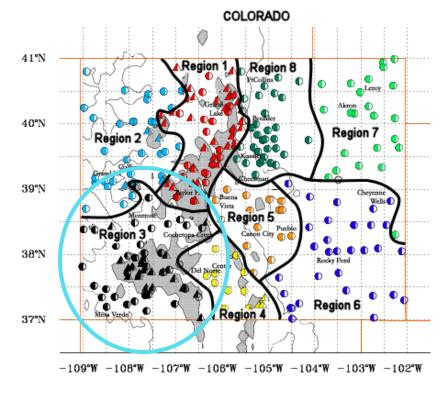






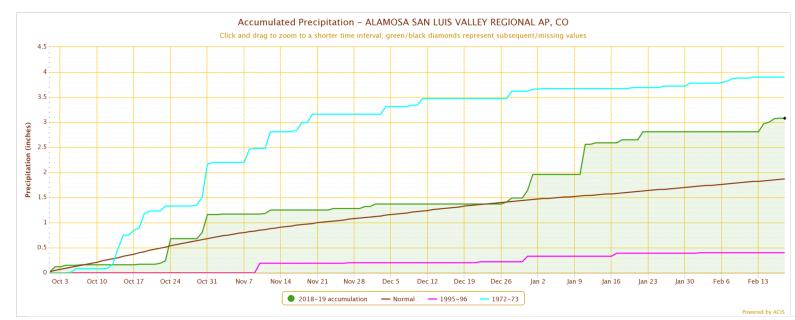


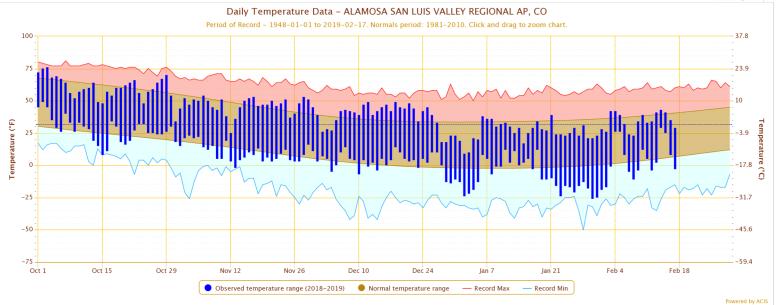


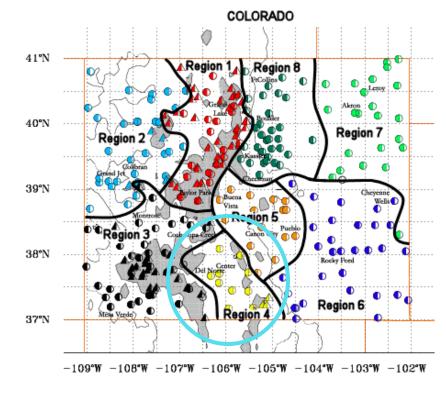


Mesa Verde has also surpassed their precip from all of last water year (9.29" through Feb 17; 8.06" all of WY2018)

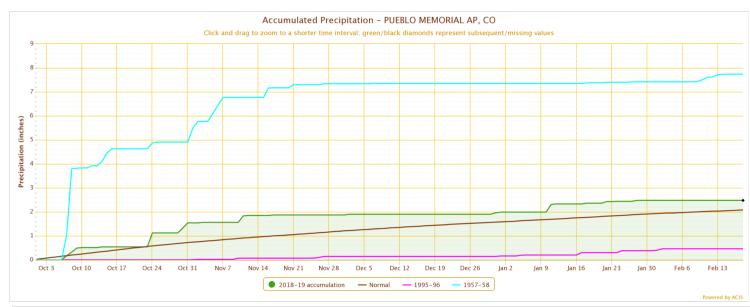


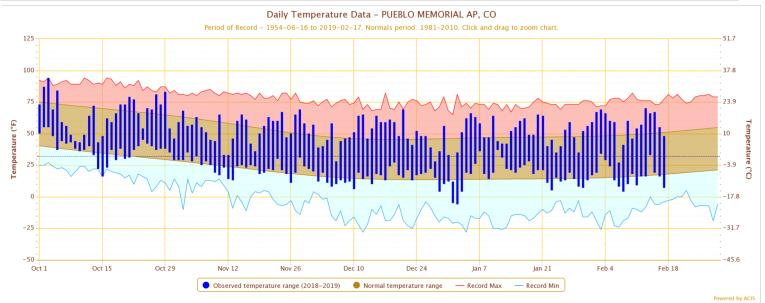


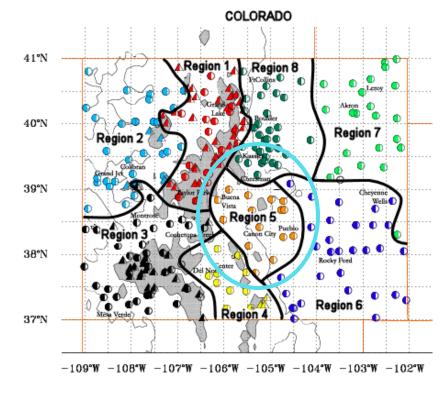




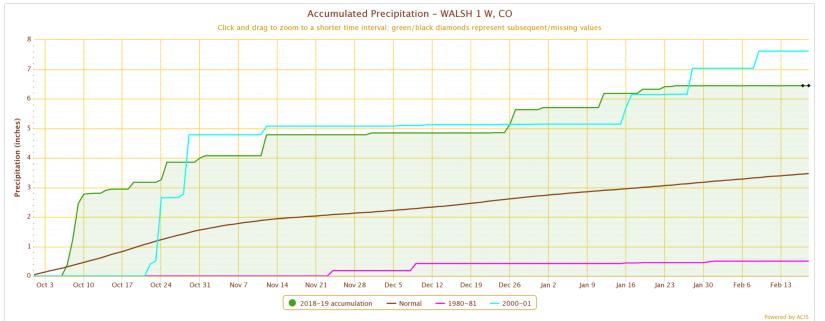


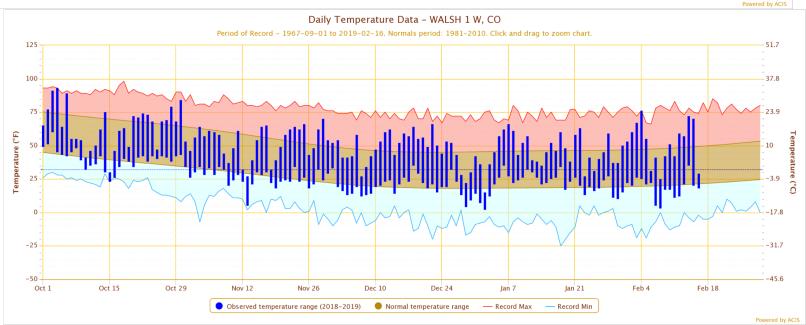


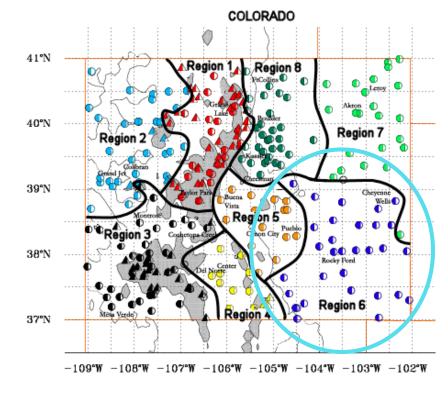




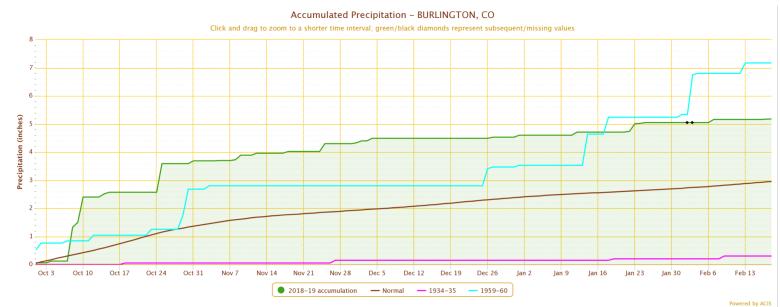


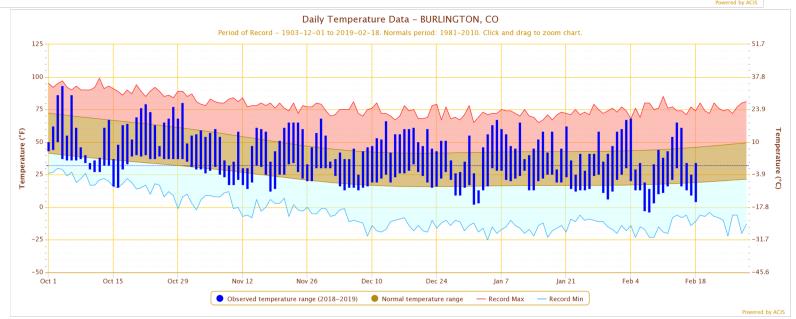


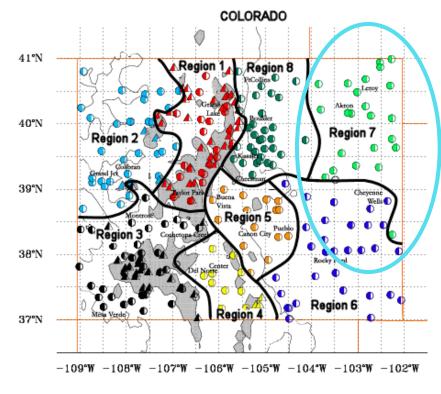


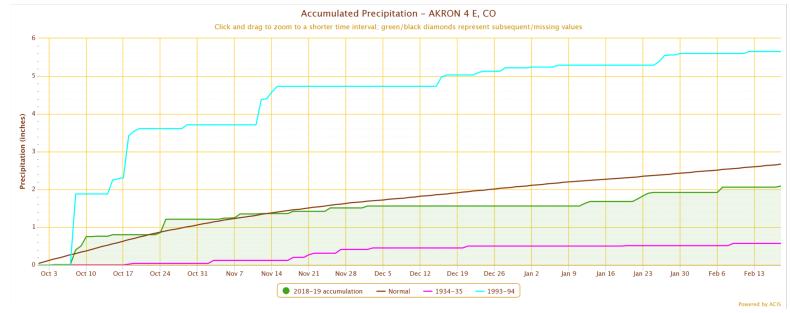


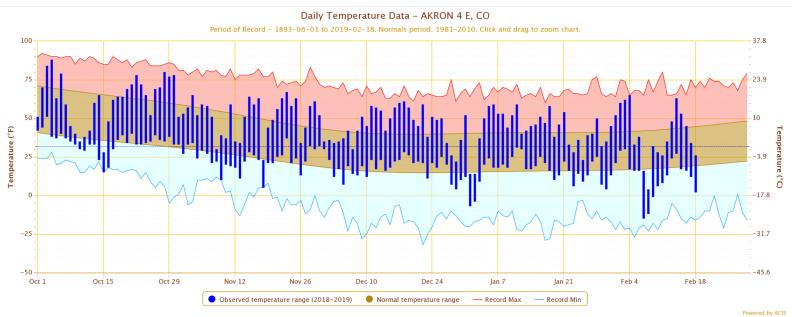


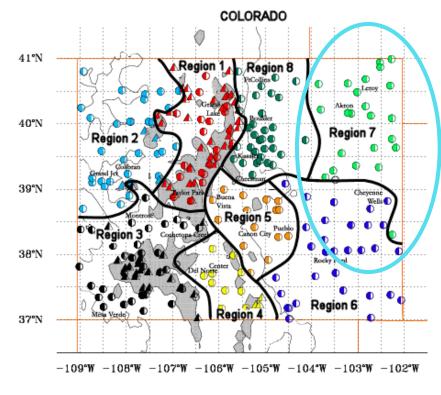




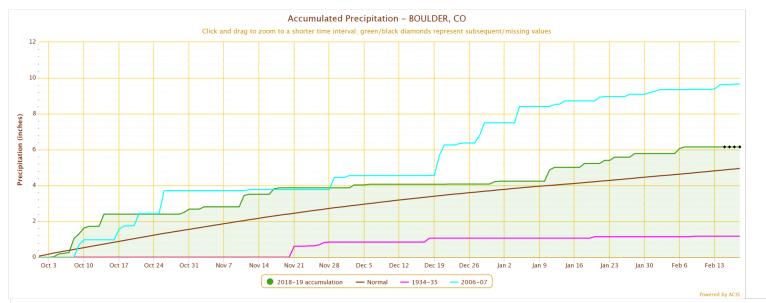


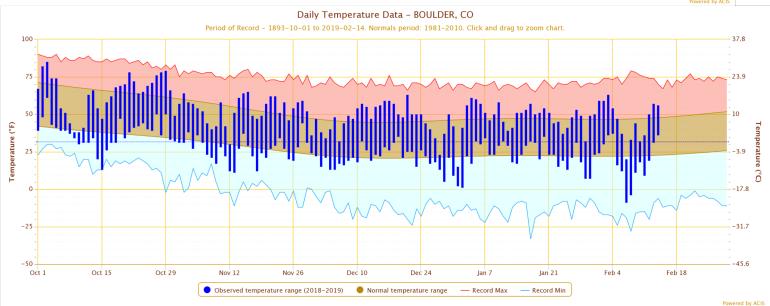


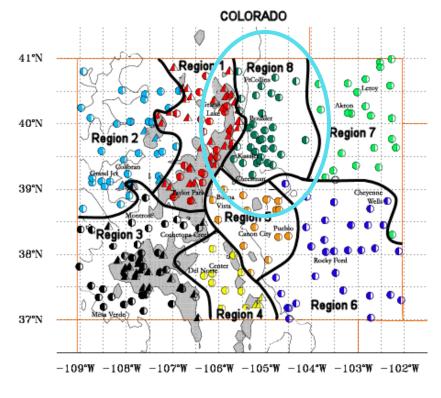












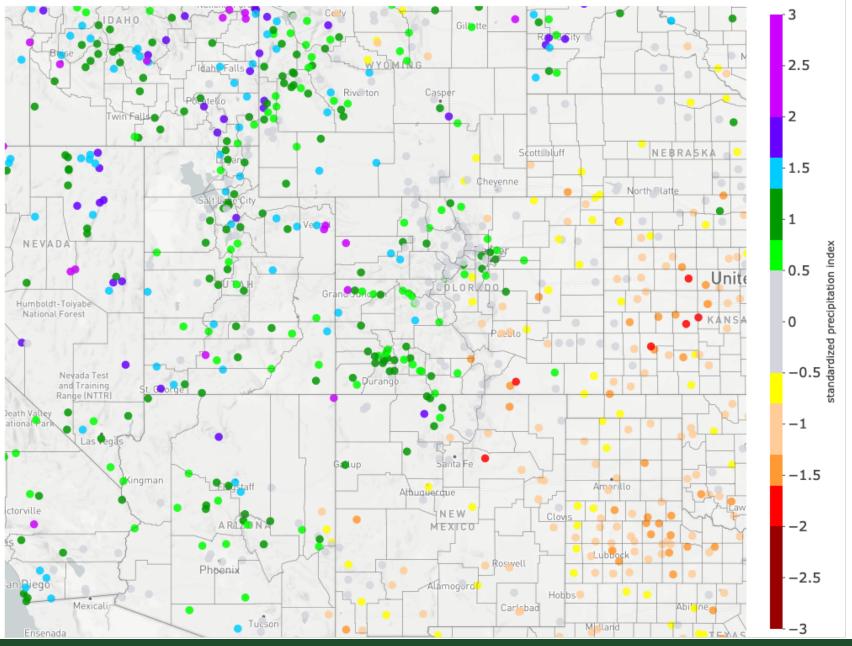




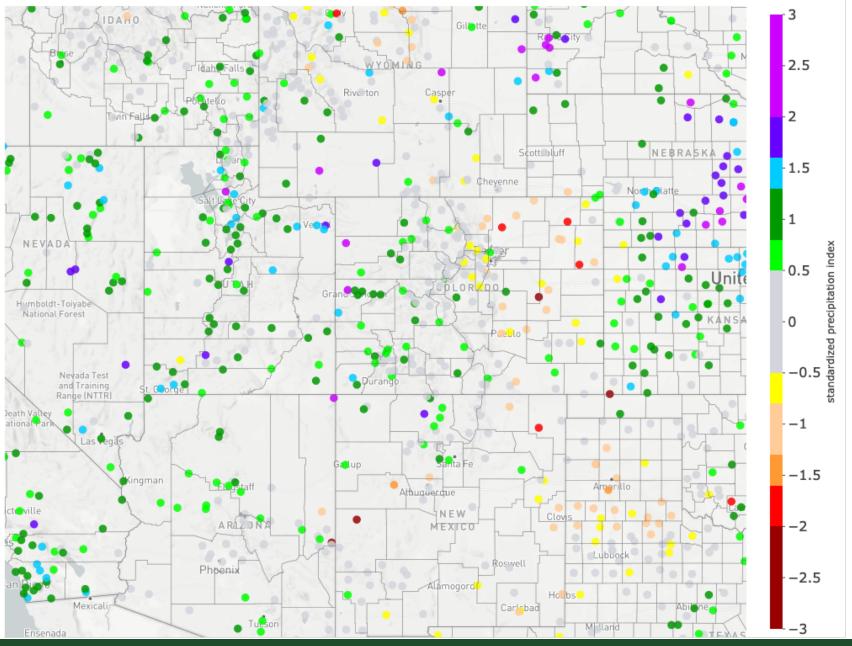




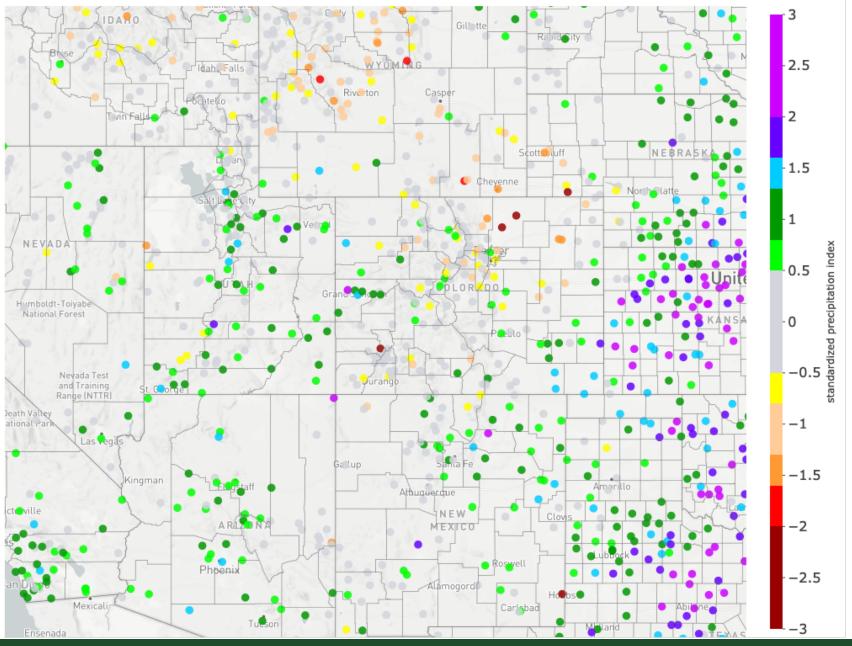
## 30-day Standardized Precipitation Index: 1/19/2019 - 2/17/2019



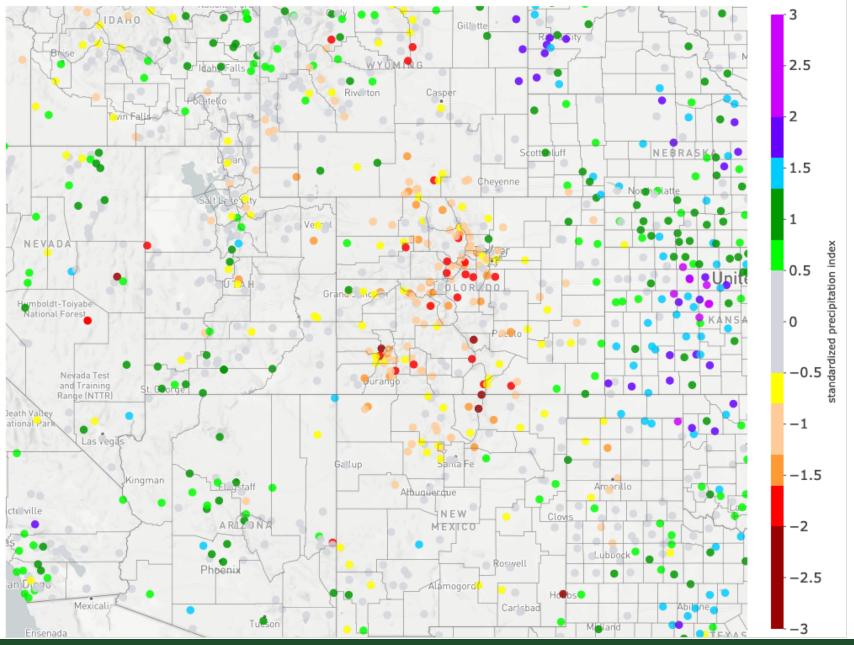
#### 90-day Standardized Precipitation Index: 11/20/2018 - 2/17/2019



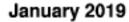
#### 6-month Standardized Precipitation Index: 8/18/2018 - 2/17/2019

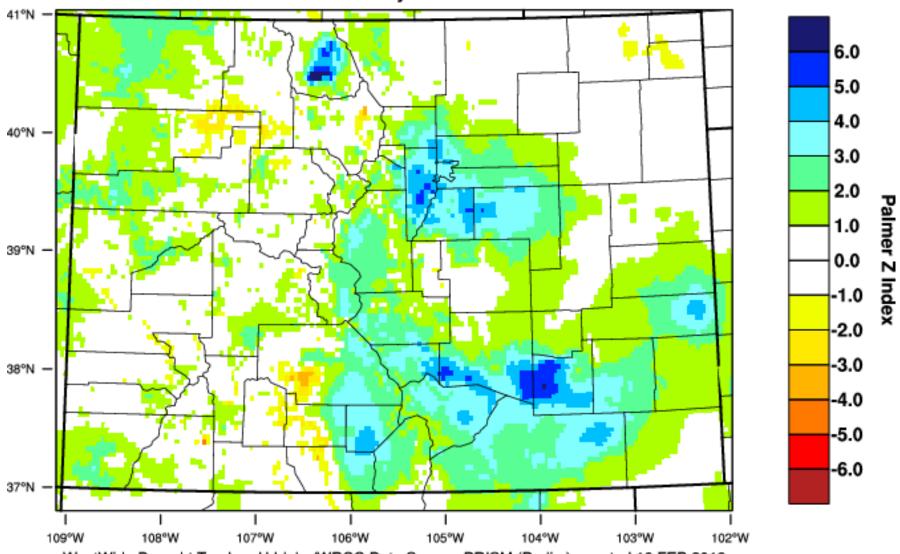


#### 12-month Standardized Precipitation Index: 2/18/2018 - 2/17/2019



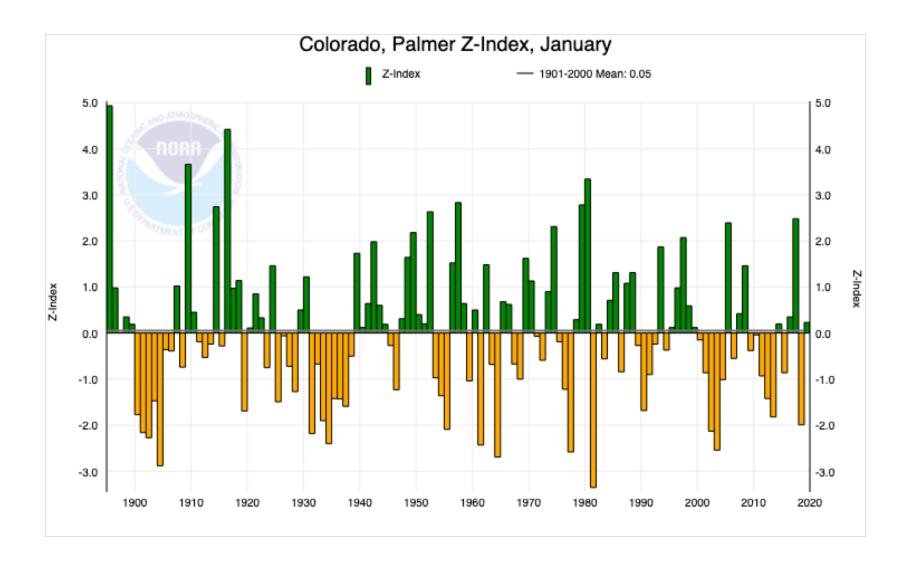
#### Colorado - Palmer Z-Index



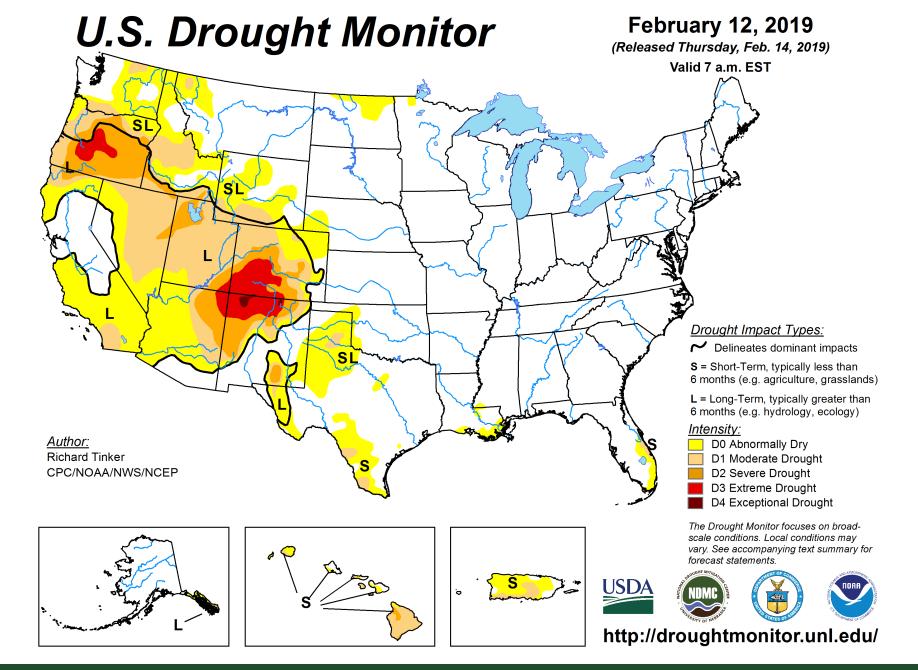


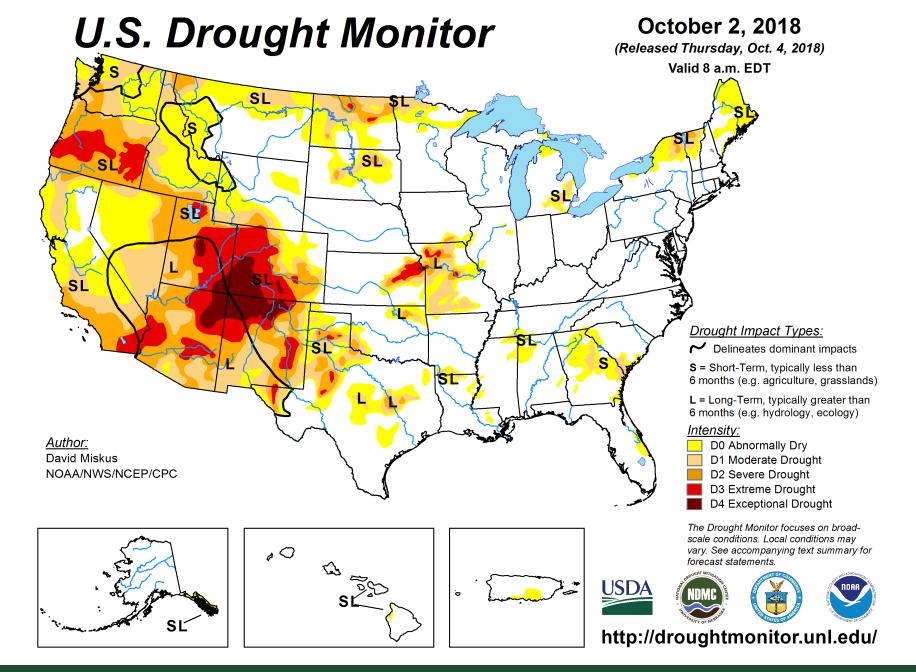
WestWide Drought Tracker, U Idaho/WRCC Data Source: PRISM (Prelim), created 16 FEB 2019











## U.S. Drought Monitor Colorado

### February 12, 2019

(Released Thursday, Feb. 14, 2019) Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

		None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
	Current	8.15	91.85	67.16	39.69	21.84	0. 11
	Last Week 02-05-2019	8.14	91.86	67.16	40.83	22.05	2.96
	3 Month's Ago 11-13-2018	16.64	83.36	66.26	54.82	34.13	13.35
	Start of Calendar Year 01-01-2019	17.94	82.06	66.26	54.91	27.11	11.22
	Start of Water Year 09-25-2018	14.19	85.81	72.30	64.41	48.47	16.21
	One Year Ago 02-13-2018	8.59	91.41	71.18	33.51	0.00	0.00

#### Intensity:

D0 Abnormally Dry
D1 Moderate Drought
D2 Severe Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

#### Author:

Richard Tinker CPC/NOAA/NWS/NCEP









http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/



## U.S. Drought Monitor Colorado

### **October 2, 2018**

(Released Thursday, Oct. 4, 2018) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	14.19	85.81	72.30	64.41	48.47	16.21
Last Week 09-25-2018	14.19	85.81	72.30	64.41	48.47	16.21
3 Month's Ago 07-03-2018	20.46	79.54	67.30	52.31	36.46	8.81
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2018	6.57	93.43	33.53	7.27	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-25-2018	14.19	85.81	72.30	64.41	48.47	16.21
One Year Ago 10-03-2017	70.54	29.46	3.70	0.00	0.00	0.00

### Intensity:

D0 Abnormally Dry
D1 Moderate Drought
D2 Severe Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

### Author:

David Miskus NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC



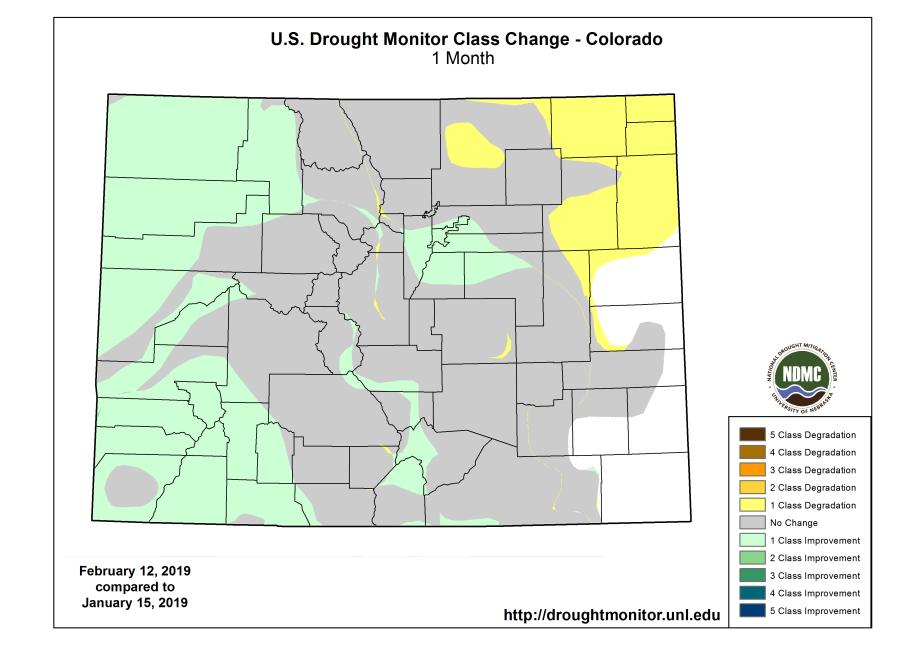


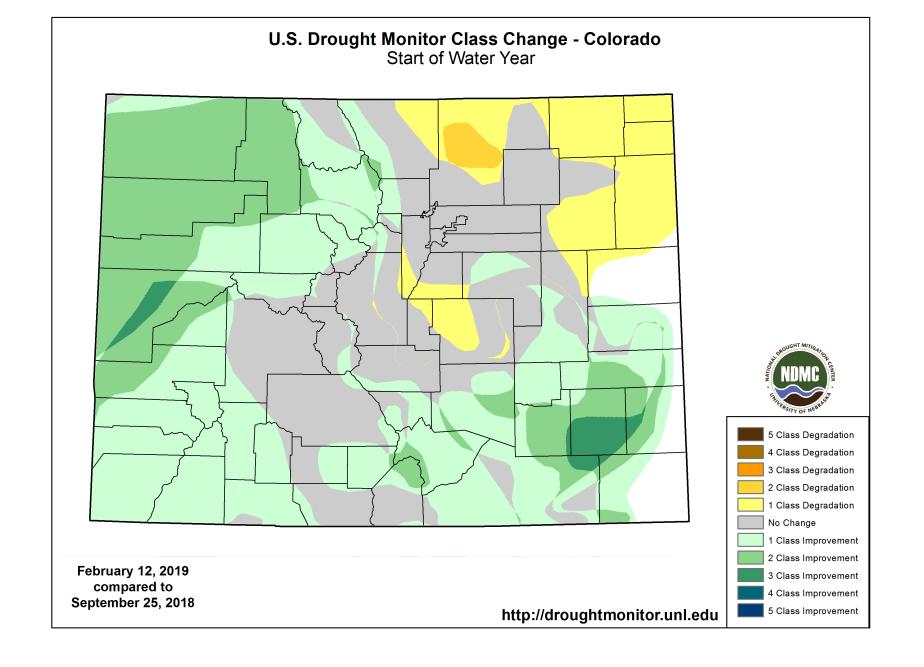




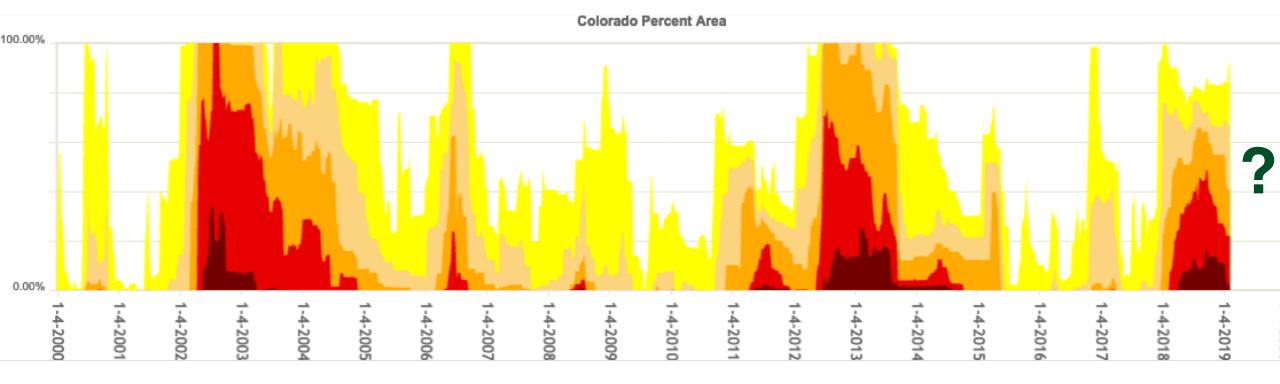
http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

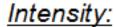






### **US Drought Monitor: Colorado**





D0 Abnormally Dry

D1 Moderate Drought

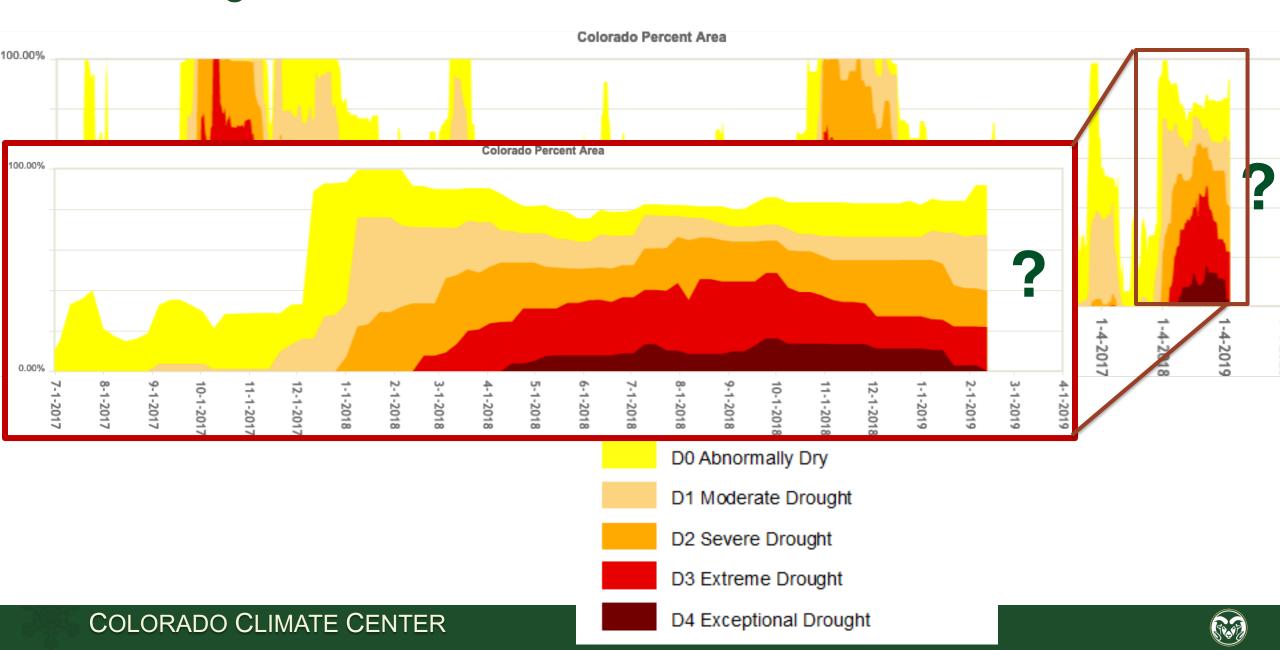
D2 Severe Drought

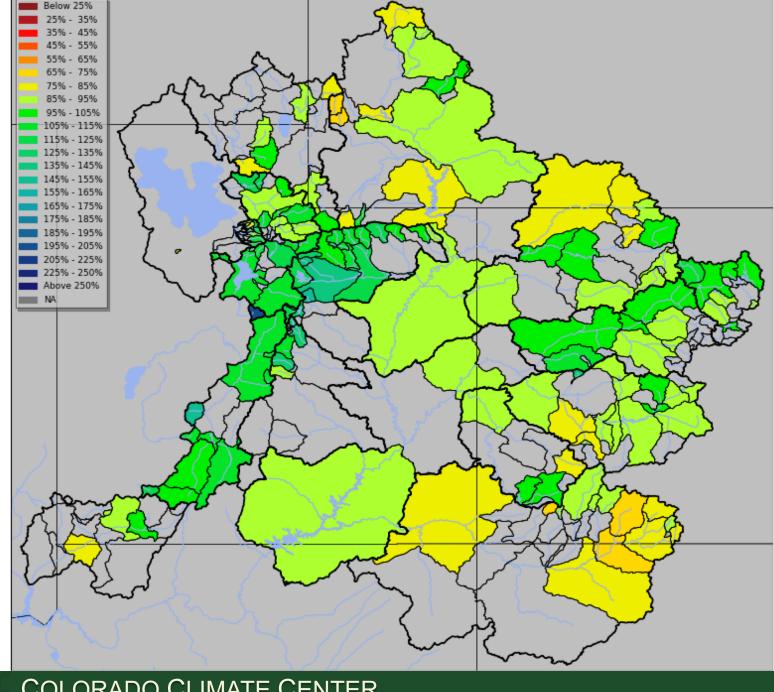
D3 Extreme Drought

D4 Exceptional Drought



### **US Drought Monitor: Colorado**





**CBRFC** water supply forecast updated Feb 15

**April-July water** supply as % of average

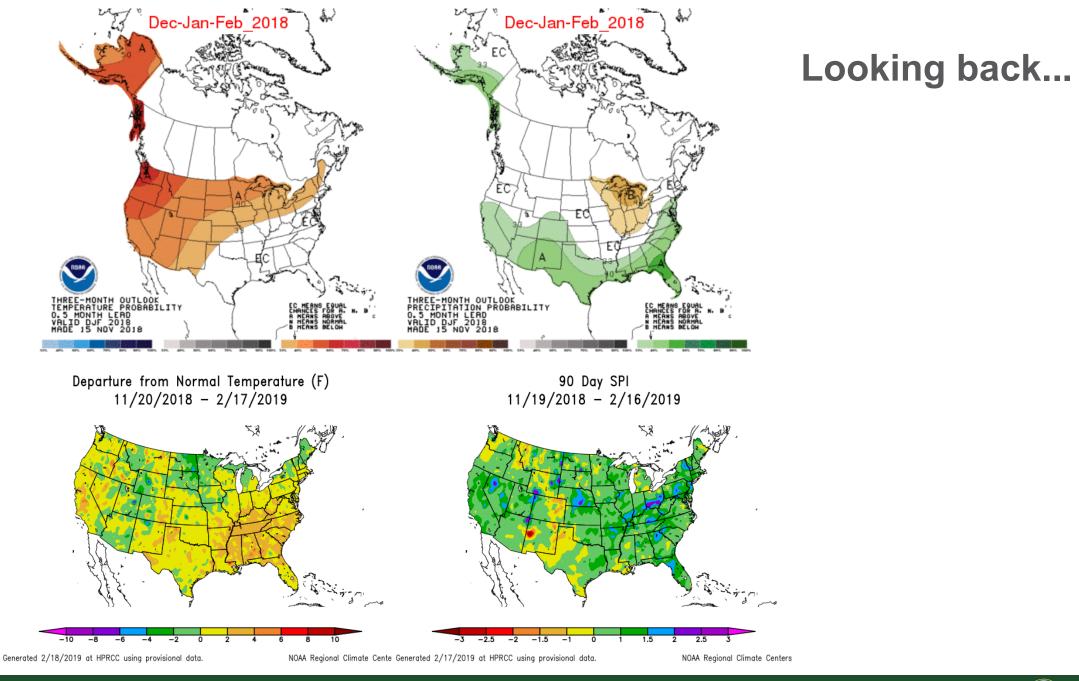
**Forecast inflow** into Powell: 84% of average



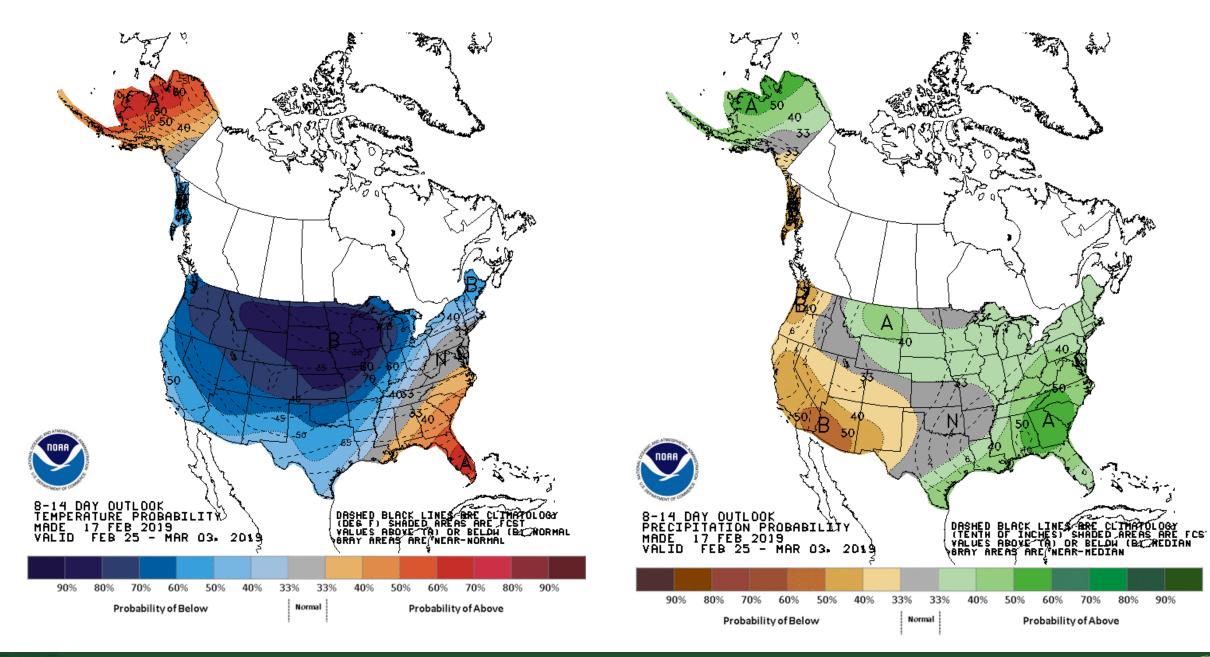
Outlook





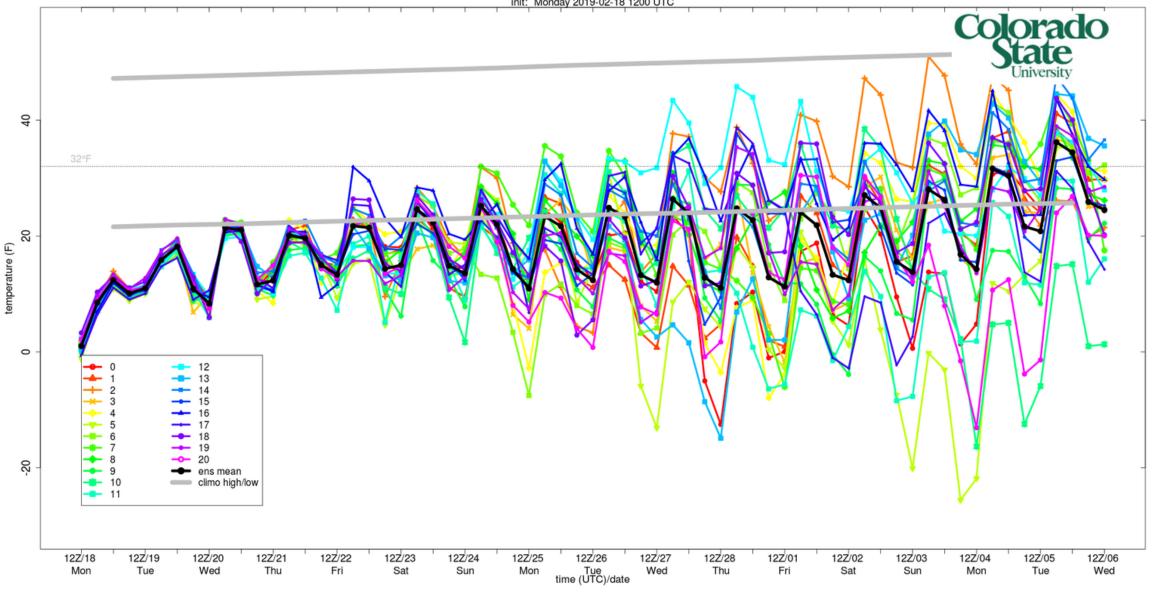








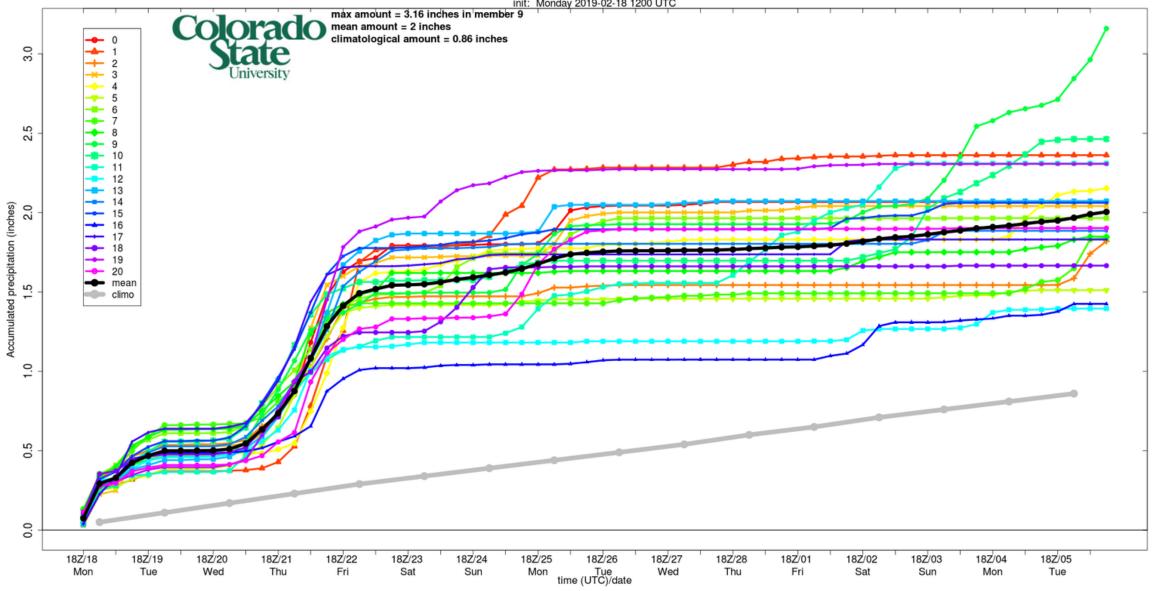




(March 6)







(March 6)



### El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO)

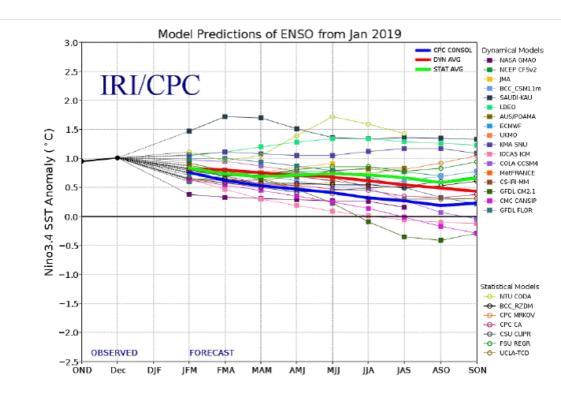
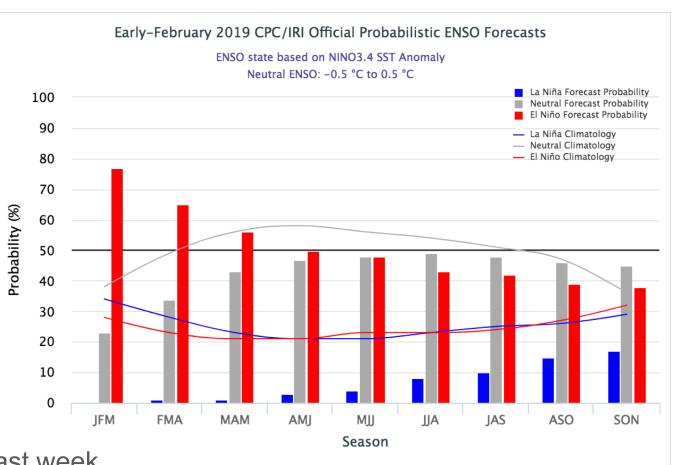


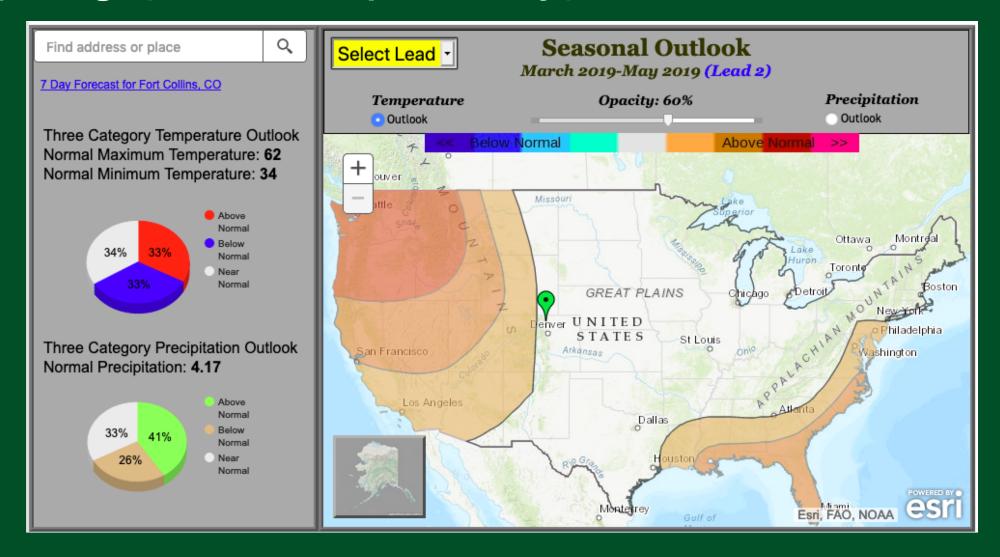
Figure 6. Forecasts of sea surface temperature (SST) anomalies for the Niño 3.4 region (5°N-5°S, 120°W-170°W). Figure updated 19 January 2019.



El Niño finally officially arrived last week
55% probability that it persists through May
Not expected to be strong or have very significant impacts

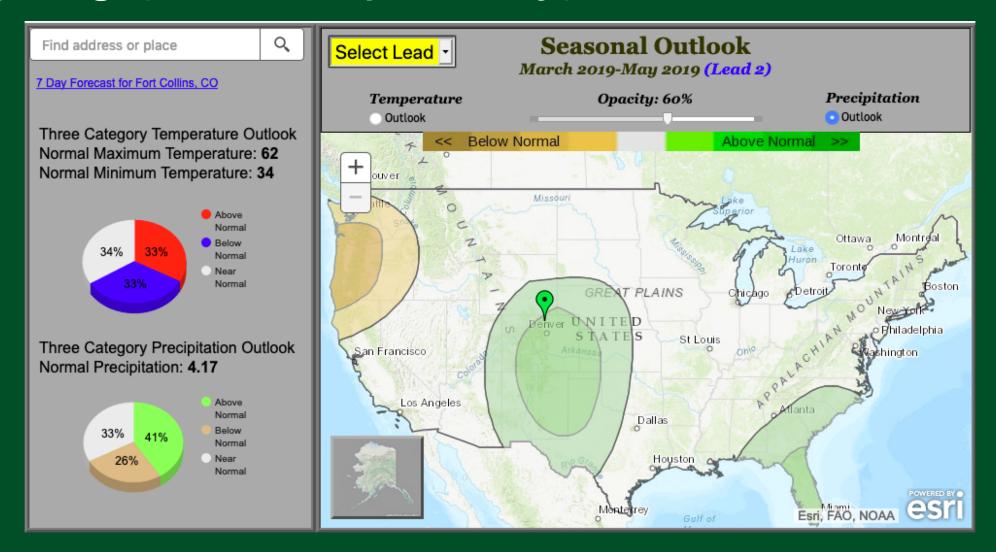


## Spring (March-April-May) outlook





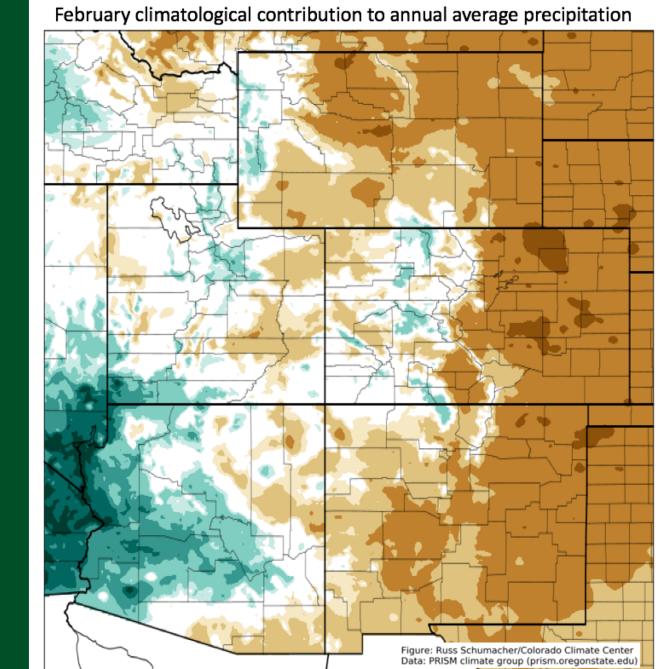
## Spring (March-April-May) outlook





### February

Brown: much less than 1/12<sup>th</sup> of the annual precip Green: much more than 1/12<sup>th</sup> of the annual precip

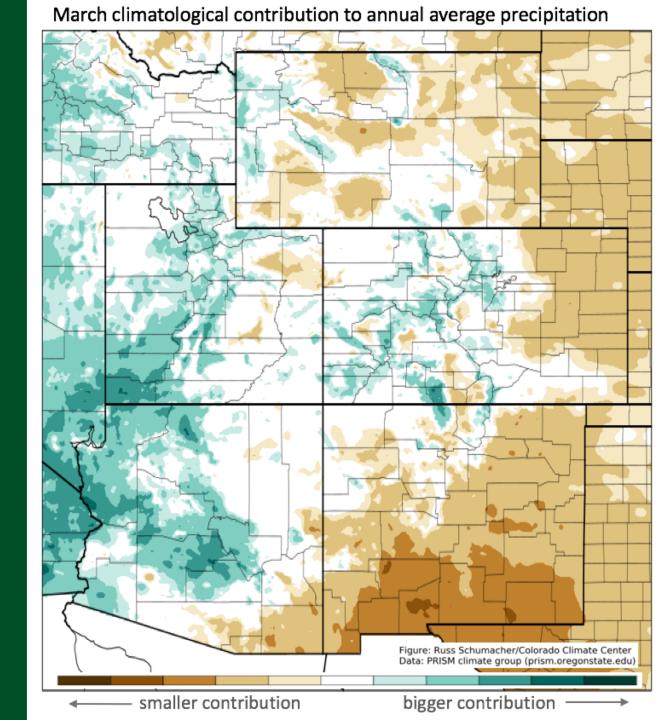


bigger contribution

smaller contribution

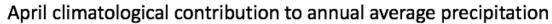
March

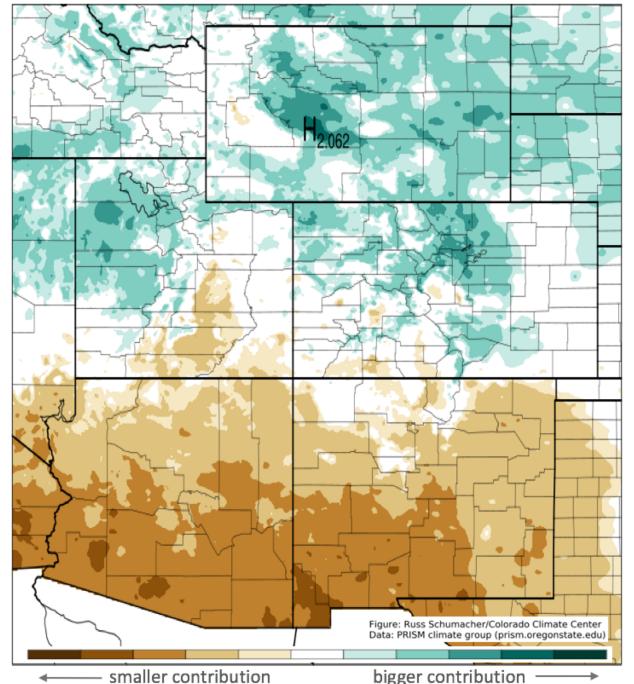
Brown: much less than 1/12<sup>th</sup> of the annual precip Green: much more than 1/12<sup>th</sup> of the annual precip



April

Brown: much less than 1/12<sup>th</sup> of the annual precip Green: much more than 1/12<sup>th</sup> of the annual precip

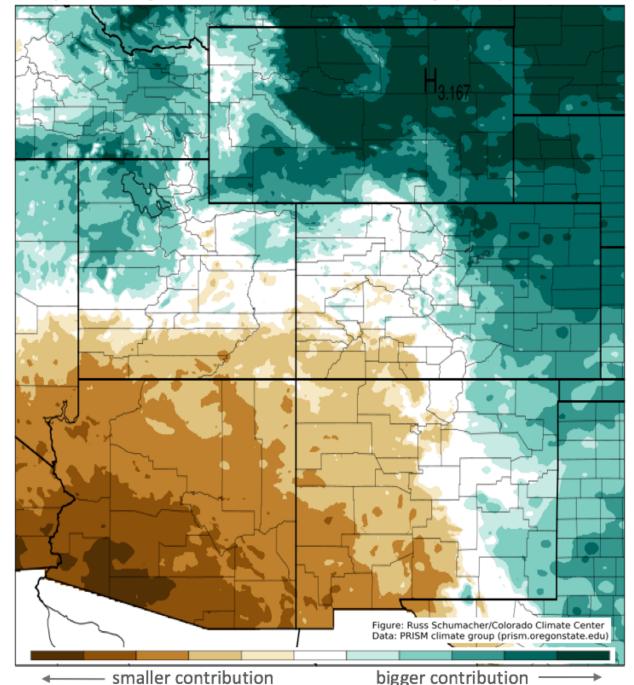




May

Brown: much less than 1/12<sup>th</sup> of the annual precip Green: much more than 1/12<sup>th</sup> of the annual precip

May climatological contribution to annual average precipitation



## Summary

- February has been a big month for snowfall in the mountains, especially in the San Juans
- Drought conditions have improved considerably there is now only a small sliver of D4 (exceptional) drought left in Colorado
- Furthermore, temperatures since the beginning of the water year have been near normal to a bit cooler than normal
- But because of long-term water deficits in western Colorado, drought is likely to persist at least until the spring snowmelt/runoff season



### russ.schumacher@colostate.edu

## Thank you!

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